Training Facilitators Guide

Connecting to Lead: Young Women and Girls taking the lead in challenging inequalities and ending GBV

Facilitation Notes

- The workshop will be co-facilitated by DAWA team and stakeholders from the ministry and other civil society organisations.
- We will use 'parking lots' and 'guardian angels'. The 'Parking Lot' is a flip chart where participants can write their questions, challenges or problems to be answered at the end of each day. If a question pops up on Parking Lot that you don't know the answer to, you can put it on the list to be addressed the next day. It is intended as a vehicle for off-topic issues that arise during sessions.
- Guardian Angels are participants in the workshop that other participants may go to with questions regarding logistics or issues throughout the day during the workshop. They should meet with the facilitator(s) at the end of each day to discuss what was presented to them, and will provide feedback to the group at the opening session of the following day.
- We will use lots of energisers and short breaks as needed to ensure participation is high. There is a lot of content to cover so we may need to adapt on timing to fit it all in.
- The facilitator's guide provides the objectives, aims, resources required, timings and content for each session.
- DAWA will handle expenses and related paperwork, and all logistics.



Introduce facilitators and participants, icebreaker, outline agenda and set group contract

Setting the scene for the workshop, ensuring everyone has clear and realistic expectations.

Flipchart paper, pens, markers

Handout 1: Agenda

Handout 2: Registration Form

Handout 3: Pre-training questionnaire

No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator Notes	Key Talking Points
Welcome Remarks	10 mins	Set the scene for the workshop	-Share on the district and ward outlook -Importance of efforts to end GBV amongst girls and
			young women
1. Introduction Exercise	10 mins	 Introduce the workshop and facilitator(s) Discuss practical information including breaks, expenses, safety, toilets. Ask permission to take photos and share on social media. Ensure everyone has a name badge and agenda, and has registered. 	Brief details on purpose of workshop and on-going mentoring

2. Activity: Pre-Training Questionnaire	5 mins	 Complete Handout 3: Pre-training questionnaire. Introduce the 'parking lot' and where to go with questions Introduce the idea of Guardian Angels and ask for 2 volunteers to be Guardian Angels for Day 	• For the pre-training questionnaire, emphasise the importance of including a name so your pre- and post-training questionnaires can be compared.
3. Activity: Icebreaker and Introductions	10 mins	· Conduct the Icebreaker: Mingle Mingle Participants to write or mention expectations	• The goal of the icebreaker is to get participants talking to each other, to break the ice and so everyone feels comfortable to speak up.
4. Group Contract	5 mins	· Set a list of shared ground rules, and write them on a flip chart in front of the room. Ask every participant to sign them, to show their agreement	• Examples of ground rules may include: respecting different perspectives, listening and not interrupting, arriving on time, mobile phones on silent, no use of laptops during the workshop, challenge constructively

Session number	2	Session title	Violence Against Children: What do should we care		Time	11:00-11:40 am
Objectives		ncepts in violence against children gender equality, and overview			Provide support advocacy wider con	information to grounding activities in text.
Resources	Flipchart paper, pen	s, markers				
Activities						
No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator Notes			Key Talki	ing points
1. Introduction	20 mins	· Share on the statistics	on VAWGC , global, 1	national, local	talkin	e powerpoint for g points and ed content

Activity: whole group Write 'Society' and 'Biology' on two sheets of flip chart paper and stick 20 mins work [activity taken them on opposite walls. Then ask participants to stand in a straight line in the centre of the room. • Read aloud one statement at a time (see from SRHR and HIV below). After each statement, ask participants to move a step towards 101 workshop. the walls labelled 'Society' or 'Biology' depending on whether they think IHAA] the statement is socio-culturally or biologically based. After all the statements have been read out, most people should be closer to the 'Society' wall since all but 3 of the 13 statements have a sociocultural basis. The statements that have a biological basis are: 'Women can get pregnant; men cannot', 'Women can breastfeed babies; men cannot' and 'Men's voices break at puberty; women's voices don't'. Ask participants to discuss the statements and explain their feelings about individual statements to each other. Ask: Which statements did you not all agree are based on either biology or society, and why did you not all agree? Which statements are examples of how society expects people to be and act based on their gender rather than innate qualities? Do you understand how gender is constructed by society? Can you give other examples of how we learn gender roles?

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- Statements to read out:
- 1. Girls are gentle; boys are not.
- 2. Having sex with her husband is a woman's duty.
- 3. Women can get pregnant; men cannot.
- 4. Men are good at logical and analytical thinking.
- 5. Real men don't cry.
- 6. Women can breastfeed babies; men cannot.
- 7. Women are creative and artistic.
- 8. Women have maternal instincts.
- Men's voices break at puberty; women's voices don't.
- 10. Men have a greater sex drive than women.

	 11. Women like to dress up and wear makeup. 12. Men should be the wage earners of a family, not women. 13. In a heterosexual relationship or marriage, the man has to be older than the woman.

Session number	3	Session title	Unpacking GBV in our context	Time 11:55-13:00 pm
Objectives	Introduction to key con- use the previously mapp	cepts on understanding GBV ed Problem Tree	What and why	Ensure participants all have a good grounding in understanding GBv, to give context.
Resources	Flipchart paper, pens, markers			
Activities				
No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator Notes		Key Talking Points

1. Introduction	15 mins	· Introduce the concept of understanding Gender	Define "gender"
			Describe the importance of understanding the concepts of gender when doing GBV work
			Demonstrate understanding of their own
			gender roles and gender in their community
			Describe how issues of gender can put women
			and girls at risk
			Describe the concept of gender in their own
			gender roles and gender in their community
			Describe the concept of gender in their mother
			tongue, without using the word "gender"
		A — — —	A
2.Understanding of	20 mins		Identify four characteristics each of people
Power		Concepts of power and abuse of power,	in the community who have power and
		vulnerability and lack of choice, different types of violenceActivity: Power Walk	those who do not
		, interest to the first than	

3. Identifying GBV in our contexts	35 mins	Develop a problem tree to analyse the root causes and impacts of GBV in our context	Encourage participants to think about various forms of GBV they know and flesh out the problem tree
			Describe different types of violence

Objectives Introduction to key concepts on advocacy and participation. Ensure participants understand how/why mentorship is important for participation, which in turn strengthens advocacy. Resources Flipchart paper, pens, markers Handout 5: Flower of Participation	Session number	4	Session title	AGYW Led Advocacy	Time	14:00-14:45 pm
participation. Ensure participants understand how/why mentorship is important for participation, which in turn strengthens advocacy. Resources Flipchart paper, pens, markers						
how/why mentorship is important for participation, which in turn strengthens advocacy. Resources Flipchart paper, pens, markers	Objectives	Introduction to key con	cepts on advocacy and	What and	Ensure participants a	all have a good grounding in advocacy and
which in turn strengthens advocacy. Resources Flipchart paper, pens, markers		participation. Ensure p	participants understand	why	participation, to give	context to the mentoring in practice.
Resources Flipchart paper, pens, markers		•				
		which in turn strengthens	advocacy.			
	Resources	Flipchart paper, pens. mark	ers			A
Activities					-//	

No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator Notes	Key Talking Points
1. Introduction	15 mins	 Introduce advocacy and Participation – what is it and why is it important? Explain: What makes an effective advocate? Discuss the skills and knowledge that successful advocates have Introduce participation – what is it and why is it important? Introduce Handout 5: Flower of Participation 	influential, being a leader, or being self-confident

2. Activity: Group Work	15 mins	• Exercise: in groups and unpack barriers to participation looking at	• Encourage participants to think about barriers to decision-making. Give examples.
Barriers to		existing inequalities, gender, social,	Examples of barriers may include lack of confidence, not
			The state of the s
participation		economic and legal	being given a platform, stigma.
			· How can these barriers be removed? Examples include
			advocating for young people to be included, developing
			public speaking skills, and learning from the experience of
	,		others.
3.Online Advocacy	15 mins		
		· Ask participants what social	· Ensure Twitter and WhatsApp are discussed.
		media they use or have heard of	
		·	For advocacy uses: instant connection, reach directly to
		Ask for ideas of how these could be	decision-makers, build alliances across issues/communities,
		used in advocacy.	collect and analyse data, real-time engagement, interact
			with large numbers of people, learn and share with other
			advocates and campaigns.

Day 2

Session	5	Session title	Welcome	to Time	15 minutes 9.00am-9.15am
number			day 2		

Objectives	Review day 1, an outline agenda for		Introduction to the day, welcome participants back.
Resources	Handout 1: Agend	a	
Activities			
No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator Notes	Key Talking Points
1. Review Day 1	15 mins	Review day 1, any questions, look at Handout 1: Agenda for day 2. Group Exercise for recap	

Session number	6	Session title	Understanding Laws and Policies Zimbabwe		Time	10:15-11:00am
Objectives	Introduction to ke understanding laws and and referal pathways for i	policies in Zimbabwe	What and why		understanding the	ts all have a good grounding in laws and policies in Zimbabwe and on reporting on GBV and GBV
Resources	Flipchart paper, pens, ma	rkers		3		
Activities						
No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator Notes			Key Talking Point	ts

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Laws and Policies in Zimbabwe	20 mins	· Introduce the laws and policies in existence in Zimbabwe	-Share on laws and policies that are in existence -National Gender Strategy -Criminal Law and Codification
Zimbabwe			-Criminal Law and Codification

2.Understanding 20 n Referal Pathwaysr	0 mins	Unpack how one can report on GBV	-Share with participants on how one can report on GBV cases -Share the limitations of the existing laws
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Session number	7	Session title	Planning for Evidence Driven Advocacy	Time	11:15-12:15 pm
Objectives		e of evidence in supporting cy and assert mapping	What and why		ts to improve their advocacy using knowledge their own knowledge and ship
Resources	Flipchart and m	arkers			
Activities					
No. and title	Time allocated	Notes		Talking points	
				V	

1.Assert Mapping	20 mins	Introduce concept with Handout 6: Head, Hands and Heart	Explain that this exercise is a way to understand the skills and strengths each individual is bringing to the project
		Each person should work individually at first	Asset mapping: What knowledge do you have? ('head'); What skills do you have? ('hands'); What are you passionate about? ('heart').

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2. Collecting evidence	20 mins	 Discuss why evidence is important for effective advocacy – ask participants to share suggestions. You can find evidence from: Data, e.g. epidemiological data Published research Grey literature (websites, publications from NGOs) Gathering evidence yourself: community dialogues, surveys, documenting discussions in real life or e.g. WhatsApp 	· Advocacy is enhanced by evidence, as it shows the person you are advocating to that you are informed and helps you to propose credible alternatives and solutions. Evidence-informed advocacy is more convincing — it shows you know what needs to change, why and how. Discuss in detail gathering own data through community dialogues or online consultations — emphasise need to be clear about aims and how data will be used, recruiting participants, documenting and capturing quotes, presenting the information to use in advocacy.
3. Activity - small group work	20 mins	 In small groups, ask participants to consider the following task: you have a meeting with a local government official to discuss the needs of AGYW when it comes to GBV e.g having a nearby police post or station to report to. Make a plan: What is your SMART advocacy objective? What evidence do you need to build a convincing case to the school official? How will you collect it? 	Unpack the problem answering these questions: o What the problem is o Who is affected by it o Inequalities in impact o Who can change it o What progress has been made o What works to fix the problem

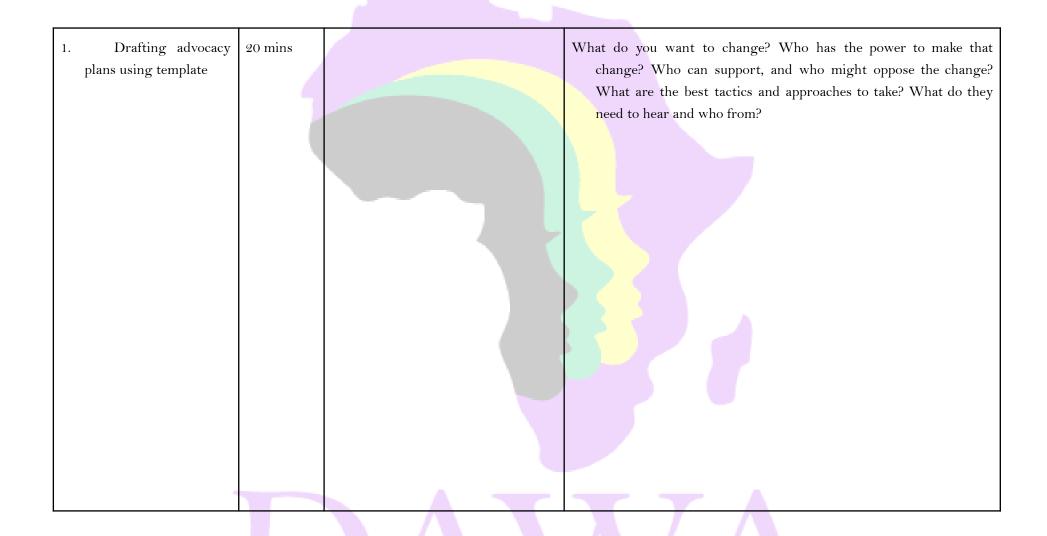
Session number	8	Session title	Mapping our Advocacy Agenda and setting objectives	ng our T	Time 12:15-13:15 pm
Objectives	_	ocacy objectives	What and why		Using SMART objectives to set out a practical lan of action
Resources		per, pens, markers Advocacy Action Pla	n Template		
No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator Notes		K	Key Talking Points
1. Introducing Advocacy Objectives	15 mins	· Discuss the	ndout 6:Advocacy Action Plan. importance of setting objectives to ensureused, targeted and SMART.	re our	Share advocacy opportunities that are upcoming (e.g. meetings, conferences, consultations) and discuss how people can be involved in them.

2. Activity: Identifying advocacy	20 mins	• For this activity, form participants into small groups and ask them to think about the situation for young women in their community? Are they able to fulfil their rights and access the	• Put two pieces of flipchart on the wall, one labelled 'makes it easier' and one labelled 'makes it harder'. Get groups to discuss and
priorities		choices, services and information they want and need? What	write on individual post-its and stick them up
		helps or hinders them in doing so?	on the appropriate post-it.

3. Activity	25 mins	Mapping our ideal GBV prevention and response services	-The other group to draw what is currently happening
			-The other group to draw what would be ideal

3. Setting SMART	30 mins	• Explain SMART objectives (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-Based)	What do you want to change? Who has the power to make that change? Who can support, and
Objectives		Group work to consider barriers identified in the previous section. Set SMART advocacy objectives that could help to address the barrier.	who might oppose the change? What are the best tactics and approaches to take? What do they need to hear and who from?

Session number	9	Session title	Drafting Ad Agendas and Steps	vocacy Next	Time	14:00-14:45 pm
Objectives	Draft advocace Identify oppo challenges	• •	What and why		Using SMART objectiv	es to set out a practical plan of action
Resources	Flipchart pap Handout 7: A	-	ers n Plan Template			
Activities						
No. and title	Time allocated	Facilitator N	Notes		Key Talking Points	



1735386368. Presenti ng advocacy plans	20 mins	Allow groups to share their plans	Discuss on feasibility of the plans, how to monitor progress, ways of updating and communication
d			

Ī	3.Next Steps	5 mins	Discuss the next steps for the project								including	online
			and the continued role of AGYW	eng	gagem	ents,Val	ue clarif	fication	n dialo	gues etc		
		4	trained champions									
	4		A —									



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